

POLS 4692/5690: THEORIES OF WORLD POLITICS FALL 2021

Instructor: Dr. Ali Fisunoglu

5.30pm, or by appointmen(<u>https://slu.zoom.us/j/7303731</u>)01 Class Meetings:Wednesday,s4:15 ±7:00 pm McGannon 12.1

COURSE DESCRIPTION AND PREREQUISITES

This courseoffers an overview of the major theoretical traditional approaches, and scholarly debates relating to the study of international and woodidics. The primary purposef the courses to examine the development of the field, and to understand and be able to evaluate the main theoretical approaches this subdiscipline. The course covers many of what have come to be known as classic works in the field as well as some more recent theoretical and empirical approaches and perspectives the second half of the classe will delve intosome applied issues on conflict and cooperations use as nuclear deterrence and proliferation, and globalization and international tradeOur goal will be to engage, discuased tackle the following questions: What are the critical concepts? How are cause and effect observed? What kind of research design do the authors use? From what theoretical perspective does the argument originate? With whom are the authors engaged in batte?

The aim of this course is to provide eoretical and analytical background for those who plan to pursue advanced studies in international relations, into government service, international organizations and agencies, businesses involved in the location of the plant organizations with international foci, and consulting firms analyzing is exeleted to world politics.

Learning Goals, Objectives, and Outcomes

This course is designed to help you to gain knowledge and understanding on **errow**tiontal relations work. A key objective is to uncover the difference between beinginformed about current international affairs and being able to analyze international politics. While being well informed is wonderful, the main goal of the course is elp you develop the critical skills required

to systematically analyze international politics. We will endeavor not just to familiarize you with the literature, but also to stimulate your curiosity to pursue new research questions. An important goal of the course is also to equip you with **the** ical mindset and the nalytical tools required to pursue such research.

The most important intellectual requirement of critical analysis is to learn to confront arguments

Griffiths, Martin, Steven Roach and M. Scott Solom *bifty Key Thinkers in International Relations*, Routledge

An extraordinary useful supplement on specifictor is contained in:

William Thompson (2018) Empirical International Relations Theory. Oxford University Press

Denemark R.A and Marlin% HQQHW 5 ³, QWHUQDWL**I**Rt@n@t@n@6WXGLHV Studies Association Compendium Project. ed., US:Wiley-Black.

Also, usefulstatistical another hodological background can be found in:

Phillips Shively, *The Craft of Political Research*, 10th edition, Routledge.

Gary King, Robert Keohane, and Sidney Verbasigning Social Inquiry, Princeton University Press, 1994.

COURSE REQUIREMENTS, ASSIGNMENTS, AND EXPECTATIONS

Course Organization

The class will meet person and onlinence a week of Vednesda Vecture slides will be posted online each week as supplementary material to the readings. My main tool of communicating with you is going to be anvase mail. I will post any announcements, schedule changes, extra readings, or news throug Canvas and/or Enail. Therefore, I suggest you to check the POI6925690 tab on your Canvas pages frequently to see if there are any changes me of our inclass activities may require you to use your laptops (or smart phones), so please bring your laptops (and phones) to every class.

The 14 separate lectures for this course are packed over a relatively short period in your lives. During the semester, you're going to be busy with lots of other courses and activities, and when the semester is over, you're going to move many wonderful adventures and accomplishments. You won't remember everything from POI456925690 (least of all the course number). But hopefully you'll remember some key lessons. My strategy is to teach the course with dife learning in mind (soyou might remember something you learned in this class in 20 years). We will, therefore, use multiple methods to reinforce the main-takkey messages of the course.

¹ If I haveto quarantine but am well enough to teach, will notify you, and we will meet remotely on Zoom at the regularly scheduled time. I get sickand I am unable to continue teaching, an alternative instructor will teach the course for as long as necessary

² If you do not have laptop or you are not able to bring it to the class for any reason, please contact me after class.

Readings

You are expected to have completed the readings prior to class eacheveets lectures largely engage with the readings and move beyond them. Thus, you should have completed the readings in order to follow and participate in class sessions.

The course will also refer to several movies, documentaplescasts, and short vide clips regarding important historical events to illustrate in more dramatic fashion some key lessons.

Almost every week is organized to have chapters or excerpts from classical/seminal works in the field. These readings provide a general introduction the topics and introduce theories woodrld politics. Most weeks will include additional readings from ademic or popular journals, books, newspapers, or web pages. These regarding beyond the general theories and expose you to actual research or policy endates. Some of these papers might have empirical tests or formal models, but you are not responsible from the methodological parts. You should try to understand the main questions raised by the authors, their approach, theoretical perspectives, anid dimagis fand discussions.

Students registered for POL4692will lea-3(OL)3(S)u2rs might have empirical tests or r,ehktetete prior 0

Xinhuanet. Most of the articles of the aforementioned magazines and newspapers are public and those that re still gated should be available in the library. It is likely that the questions on the the final examuil require you to be upo-date on current events.

I also recommend listening to the National Public Radio (//www.npr.org), which provides high quality debates (but keep in mind that it is US based and focused) and checking the website of the Council on Foreign Relation st(p://www.cfr.org), which is an independent sourweth a wide range of ideological research and editorials (and provides more complex reports on the issues of the day).

Papers

<u>Critical Reviews / Research Propos</u>ateach student is responsible for writing400-750 word longcritical reviews

<u>Research Propos</u>ation for the second structure of the

- 1. A tentative working title.
- 2. Your main research question(s)

3. An outline of the main points you will bookscussing in the final paper (what problem \RX ZLOO DGGUHVV ZK\LW ¶V LPSRUWDQW DQG \RXU W

research design to test yrohypothesesEven if your ideas relate primarily to theoretical issues, you must specify some appropriate and feasible method for testing your conjectures in a manner that you could actually follow up and execute if you chose to done research designan use any appropriate method for your specific question, shalargeN, experimentset cetera, or a mixture of methodsAt this stage, you do not need to present any resultsrough drafts dPOLS 4692 students should be 27504000 words long, and the rough drafts of POLGS should be 35005500 words long. The rough drafts are olice/ember12th.

<u>Peer Review</u>. Your rough drafts will be reviewed by me as well as one of your classmatters. purpose of thepeer review is to help your friends improve their paper. Thus, you should give constructive criticisms and suggestion to submit there reviews is November 22nd.

<u>Presentation</u>During the last classon December 8^h, each student will present their research in the classPOLS 4692 students will be allowed 8 minutes to present their work, followed by a 3 minute discussion. POLS 5690 udens will be allowed 10 minutes to present their work, followed by a 4-minute discussion and question & answer period the presentation should be designed to educate your fellow students and communicate your points in a clear, concise, and engaging way. All students in the class are expected to provide useful suggestions for this present that although a final version of the paper is not required at this point, I explore to final-product presentation.

Final paper

Although methodological details may vary, most disciplines ask that you clarify your role in their conversation. **G**rify with whom you are engaging and what you are adding o that discussion.

Grading

Your final grade will be determined as follows: Final Exam 25% 10% (2.5% or 5% each) **Critical Reviews Discussion Leader** 10% **Research Project** 40% • Research Proposal: 5% • Rough Draft:10% • Peer Review5% • Presentation: 5% • Final Paper: 15% Attendance and Participation 15%

Extra-

participate in asynchronous online class activities, are expected so. Those who do not feel well enough to do so should absent themselves accordingly.

- 3. Students (whether exhibiting any of potential COVID symptoms or not, and regardless of how they feel) who are under either an isolation or quarantine direstived by a qualified health official must absent themselves from all pierson course activity per the stipulations of the isolation or quarantine directive. They are expected to participate in synchronous or asynchronous online class activities as they able to do soor absent themselves accordingly.
- 4. Students are responsible for notifying each instructor of an absence as far in advance as possible; when advance notification is not possible, students are responsible for notifying each instructor assoon after the absence as possible.

contributing your own views), through focused attention to course materials and conversations, and through a general responsiveness to (and respect for) your peers. Engagement does not always mean talking a lot (in fact, talking for its own sake can oft**ek like** the opposite of engagement). Ideally, you will be engaged, sedificated, and motivated to advance understanding for all of us in our class.

You are also expected to be respectful of the classroom, the space, and each other. During class discussions, you are expected to remain respectful of your fellow students and their perspectives. Examples of disruptive behavior include, but are not limited to, consistently showing up late to class, leaving early without prior approval, walking out in the middle lecture without prior DSSURYDO RU FKDWWLQJ DQG EHLQJ QRLV\ LQ WKH PLGGO you insist on showing any disruptive behavior in the class, you may be asked to leave the room.

<u>Seating Charts for Contact Triag</u>: In order to facilitate contact tracing in classrooms, while preserving confidentiality of COVIDI9-positive individuals, faculty are expected to provide Contact Tracers access to accurate seating charts (or some equivalent) for albersonin classrooms and learning spaces. From the start of the semester, faculty will be required to produce, on demand, a seating chart (or some equivalent) for a given day in the semester. Contact Tracers will request this information directly from faculty, and fatgulvill be expected to share it within 12 hours of the request. Faculty who do not comply may impede Contact Tracing, which could lead to all members of a class being tested and/or quarantine.

For this reason, starting next class, I will be circulating isg charts during every class. Please ensure you complete this form every time you attend the class, even if you arrived the class late or have to leave the class early. Moreover, starting from next class, I ask you to sit on the same seat (as much as possible) for the rest of the semester.

I want to emphasize that maintaining records are to ensure effective and efficient contact tracing should it be needed.

Important Dates Research Project Meeting&ugust 25 ±September 22 Research Proposæteptember Rough Draft:November 12 Peer Review&lovember 22

INSTRUCTOR FEEDBACK AND COMMUNICATION

7KH EHVW WLPH WR JHW LQ WRXFK ZLWK PH LV WKH RIILFH you can make an appointment to meet some other time. You can also contact me via email or my office phone. I will try to respond as soon as possible.

The office hours will take place using Zoom. You can virtually meet me during the office hours or a predetermined meeting time by clicking the <u>lintkps://slu.zoom.us/j/7303731</u>.01f you want to talk another wa please inform me in advance so we can make the arrangements.

Email Communication

:KHQ FRQWDFWLQJ ZLWK PH WKUR48692K RHUP D^{*}B55696 S D G DWKHW\S EHJLQQLQJ RI WKH VXEMHFW R I56090KH; HP; D^{*}LO 7 KR V ELD POS D D N it easier for me to classify your email and eliminate the chance that I might inadvertently delete it.

Feedback

Timely, specific feedback iessential for growth and learning. Throughout the semester, I will provide you with feedback of various kinds, including informal feedback in meetings and during class and formal feedback on exams and assignments. My expectation is that you will read all written feedback, ask questions about feedback you do not understand, and wrestle with the feedback to identify future actions you can take to improve your learning and performance. Even feedback given at the end of the semester is intended to shapeingthand your work going forward.

Similarly, you will have opportunities to provide me with feedback on how things are going in the course. Around the mitterm, I will invite you to respond to a short, anonymous online survey to help me better understand R X U H [SHULHQFHV LQ WKH FRXUVH VR IDU also be invited to complete a more comprehensive online evaluation of the course. Along the way, I may ask the class for feedback on specific tasks or assignmentes if I donot ask, feel free to contact me any time to provide me with your thoughts and suggestions (or just leave anonymous notes with feedback in my mailbox). In all cases, I ask you to treat this process with the same care you hope I bring to the work of providing feedback. Ideally, we all commit to some key principles when providing feedback: reflecting on specific experiences, providing concrete examples and suggestions, and reflecting on our views to ensure any biases we may bring are not interfering with our ability to provide usable feedback.

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All of your feedback on this course and the ways in which it has been designed and taught will be taken seriously and will inform how I approach the design and teaching of the course in the future. Indeed, the course dats the way it does today because of constructive feedback from previous students.

the incident. The Title IX Coordinator will then be available to assist you in understanding all of your options and in connecting you with all possible resources on and off campus.

Anna Kratky is the Title IX Coordinator at Saint Louis University (DuBourgl, Haom 36; anna.kratky@slu.edu314977-3886). If you wish to speak with a confidential source, you may contact the counselors at the University Counseling Center a9737474ALK or make an anonymous report throw JK 6/8 ¶ V , Q W H J U L W \ +8777625556699H or EonlinFeDatO O L Q J http://www.lighthouseservices.com/slu

- 4. Consistent with the <u>Iniversity Attendance Policystudents may be asked to provide medical</u> <u>documentation when DPHGLFDOFRQGLWLRQLPSDFWV</u>DVWXGHQW participate in class for an extended period of time.
- 5. As a temporary amendment to the curtent Attendance Policyall absences due to illness or an isolation/quarantine directive issued by a qualified health official, or due to an adverse reaction to a COVID YDFFLQH VKDOO EH FRQVLGHUHG ³\$XW

Mandatory Syllabus Statement on Face Masks

Throughout the COVID19 pandemic, key safeguards like face masks have allowed SLU to safely maintain irperson learning. If public health conditions and local, state, and federal restrictions demand it, the University mæquire that all members of our campus community wear face masks indoors.

Therefore, any time a University-level face mask requirement is in effect, face masks will be required in this class. This expectation will apply to all students and instructors such as

University Writing Services

Students are encouraged to take advantage of University Writing Services in the Student Success Center; getting feedback benefits writers at all skill levels. Trained writing consultants can help with writing projects, multimedia projets, and oral presentations. University Writing Services offers oneon-one consultations that address everything from brainstorming and developing ideas to crafting strong sentences and documenting sources. For more information, visited bet Success Center at 97743484.

Basic Needs Security

Students in personal or academic distress and/or who may be speceticed by encine challenges such as securing food or difficulty navigating campus resources, and who believe this may affect their performance in the course, are encouraged to contact the Dean of Students Office (deanofstudents@slu.edu 314977-9378) for support. Furthermore, please notify the instructor if you are comfortable in doing so, as this will enable them to assist you with finding the resources you may need.

Defense ' H W H U U H Q F International Society, 28(3): 45-83.

Optional:

E.H. Carr (1964). -1939, New York, Harper.

Hans Morgenthau (1960) *Politics Among Nations*, New York, Knopf.

Kenneth Waltz (1979) *Theory of International Politics*. Addison Wesley

Clausewitz, Carl Von (1985) *Dn War*. Penguin Press.

Walt, Stephen M. (1987) Origins of Alliances. Cornell University Press

- Niou, EmersonOrdeshook, Peter and Rose, Gregory (1989) Balance of Power: Stability in International Systems. Cambridge University Press.
- Kalevi J. Holsti (1991)*Peace and War: Armed Conflicts and International Order: 1648-1989.* New York: Cambridge University Press.

Week 4: Realism and System Level Theories II – September 15

- Organski, A.F.K. and Jacek Kugler (1980) *War Ledger*. Chicago: The University of Chicago PressChapter 1.
- Allison, Graham(2015) "The Thucydides Trap: Are the U.S. and China Headed for War?" *Atlantic*, September 24
- (*) Doran, Charles (2000). Confronting the principles of the power cycle: Changing systems structure, expectations, and war. *Ahandbook of War Studies II*, edited by Manus I. Midlarsky. Ann Arbor: University of Michigan Press.
- (*) % X V V P D Q Q 0 2 Q H D O 5 ³ ' R + H J H P R Q V ' L V W-U L E X W H 7 U D Q V L W L Rowrnal KfHC Rafilict Resolution, 51(1): 88111.

Optional:

A.F.K. Organski (1958 & 1968) World Politics, Knopf.

- A.F.K. Organski and Jacek Kugler (1980/ar Ledger. Chicago University Press.
- Paul Kennedy (1987) The Rise and Fall of the Great Powers: Economic Change and Military Conflict from 1500 to 2000. New York, Vintage Books.

Charles Doran (1991) *Systems in Crisis*. Cambridge University Press.

RonTammen, et al. (2000) *Power Transitions*. Chatham House.

Douglas Lemke (2002) *Regions of War and Peace*. Cambridge University Press

- Yesilada et. al. (2018)*Global Power Transitions and the Future of the European Union*, Routledge
- Robert Gilpin (1981)War and Change in World Politics, Princeton University Press.

Week 5: Liberalism, Cooperation, and Interdependence- September 22

- Michael Doyle (1986). ³/LEHUDOLVP DQG And Behick On OPolibil Rad OSkiel Mick Redview, 80(4): 1151-1169.
- (*) 5 R E H U W \$ [HOURG D Q G 5 R E H U W . H R K D Q H *Politics*, 38(1): 226-254.
- (*) Leeds, Brett Ashley, Michaela Mattes, and Jeremy S. V(2009). Interests, Institutions, and the Reliability of nternational Commitments *American Journal of Political Science*, 53(2):461-476.

Optional:

- Robert O. Keohane (1984), *fter Hegemony: Cooperation and Discord in the World Political Economy.* Princeton University Press.
- Robert Axelrod (1984) The Evolution of Cooperation, New York, Basic Books.
- Robert Keohane (1986) *Jeorealism and its Critics*, New York, Columbia University Press
- Stephen Krasne(1983). International Regimes. Ithaca, NY: Cornell University Press
- David Baldwin ed. (1993)*Neorealism and Neoliberalism: The Contemporary Debate*. New York: Columbia University Press.

Week 6: Democratic & Capitalist Peace- September 29

Russett, B. (1993) *Grasping the Democratic Peace*, Princeton University Pressp. 3-23 (Chapter 1).

- : HUQHU 6X]DQQH ³7KH (IIHFWV RI 3ROLWLFDO 6LP Disputes, 1816 *Political Research Quarterly*, 53(2): 343374.
- (*) (ULN * DUW]NH ³ 7FK-HAméeriDaS JoWmDl Of Politike al 35 HeDce 51(1): 166-91
- (*) 0LFKDHO 0RXVVHDX ³7KH (QG RI :DU +RZ D 5RE) +HJHPRQ\\$UH /HDGLQJ WR 30mHeboh&Bibmbb/ \$KeDomOty,:4F4(U)O1660±3HDFH ´ 196.

Optional:

- Joanne Gow(1999). Ballots and Bullets: The Elusive Democratic Peace, Princeton, Princeton University Press.
- 5 R V D W R 6 H E D V W L D Q ³7 K H) O D Z H G / R J L F R I ' H P R F U D V Science Review 9(4): 58502.

- ³5 D W L R Q Dat@nhatNoWhil @[s@nDzDaiQn,D499(3):R Q V I R U)HDURQ -DPHV ' 379-414.
- (*) * UDKDP \$ OOLVRQ els & and Qthe HCSubsanX 10/162 sileo Obrigis American Political Science Review, 63: 689718.

Optional:

Boulding, K

Michael Intrili JDWRU DQG 'DJREHUW %ULWR ³1XFOHDU 3UR :DU ´3XEOLF & KR-12670H SS

Robert Jervis (1984) *The Illogic of American Nuclear Strategy*. Ithaca, Cornell University Press

Frank Zagare and Mark Kilgore (2000) *erfect Deterrence*, New York: Cambridge University Press.

Week 12: International Monetary Relations – November 10

(LFKHQJUHHQ %DUU\ ³+HJHPRQLF 6WDELOLW\ 7KHRUL in Frieden, Lake, and Broz eductrational Political Economy: Perspectives on Global Power and Wealth, pp. 220244.

- Frieden, Jeffry A. 1991. Invested InteresThe Politics of National Economic Policies in a World of Global FinanceInternational Organization, 45(4):425451.
- (*), O]HW]NL (WKDQ & DUPHQ 0 5HLQKDUW .HQQHWK 6 5R Entering the TwentyFirst Century: Which Ancla U ZLOOQueuReOyGlöúrnal of Economics, 134(2): 599646.

Optional:

- Collier, P. (2018) *The Future of Capitalism: Facing the New Anxieties*. New York: Harper.
- Frieden, Jeffry (2020) *Global Capitalism: Its Fall and Rise in the Twentieth Century and Its Stumbles in the Twenty-First.* W.W. Norton & Company.
- Krugman, P.R. and M. Obstfeld (200*B)ternational Economics: Theory and Policy*, Boston: Pearson, 6th edition, pp.1-2267.
- Scheve, K. and D. Stasavage (2016) *xing the Rich: A History of Fiscal Fairness in the United States and Europe*, Princeton, N.J.: Princeton University Press
- Stiglitz, J.E. (2017) *Globalization and Its Discontents Revisited: Anti-Globalization in the Era of Trump.* W.W. Norton & Company.

Week 13: International Trade and Globalization – November 17

- \$OW -DPHV (-HIIU\)ULHGHQ 0LFKDHO *LOOLJDQ 'DQL 3ROLWLFDO (FRQRP\ RI ,QWHUQDWLRQDO 7UDGH (QGXU Comparative Political Studies, 29(6): 689717.
- Rodrik, Dani (2011).*The Globalization Paradox: Democracy and the Future of the World Economy*, New York: W.W. Norton±Chapter 1.
- (*) 6 F K H Y H . H Q Q H W K) 0 D W W K H Z 6 O D X J K W H U ³: K D V 3 U H I H U HoQrhaHof/International Economics, 54(2): 267292.

Optional:

- Barry K. Gills and William R. Thompson, eds. (2006) *lobalization and Global History*. Routledge.
- Barton, J. H. et al. (2008) *he Evolution of the Trade Regime: Politics, Law, and Economics of the GATT and the WTO.* Princeton, N.J.: Princeton University Press.

Mansfield, E. (1995) Power, Trade, and War. Princeton: Princeton University Press.

- Mansfield, E. D. and H. V. Milner (2012) *Votes, Vetoes, and the Political Economy of International Trade Agreements,* Princeton, N.J.: Princeton University Press.
- Rodrik, D. (2008) *One Economics, Many Recipes: Globalization, Institutions, and Economic Growth.* Princeton University Press.

Final Exam – December 1

None! Study for the exam. Work hard and avoid the call of the sirens.

Student Presentations- December 8